



We are pleased to announce the launch the new PPP Fiscal Risks Assessment Model (PFRAM 2.0 in [English](#) and [French](#) as well as its [user guide](#)) to help countries understand, assess, and quantify the costs and risks arising from PPP projects. This new version:

- Improves the user interface making it easier to understand for non-PPP experts, and extends the tool's coverage and functionalities;
- Allows the user to estimate the fiscal costs from an individual project or a portfolio of PPPs following simple steps and using a questionnaire-style approach;
- Determines the expected timing and magnitude of government payments, as well as their impact on the government's deficit and debt in the short, medium and long terms;
- Estimates contingent liabilities and provides a framework for analyzing risks associated with PPPs.

PFRAM is the result of an IMF collaboration with the World Bank and has been piloted in various countries in CD workshops before its release. Follow the launch on [Twitter!](#)



We have also released the updated FAD public investment and capital stock [dataset](#).

- This comprehensive database on public, private, and public-private-partnerships investment flows and estimates of real public capital stocks for around 170 countries has been updated to 2017, reflecting updates in the raw data sources and a revision of the depreciation rate assumptions for private capitals based on latest country information.
- Consult the [methodology summary](#) and [FAQ](#) for more details.

You can find these tools and more on the external website [IMF and Infrastructure Governance](#).