

Figure 1. Sierra Leone – Climate Public Investment Management Institutional Design

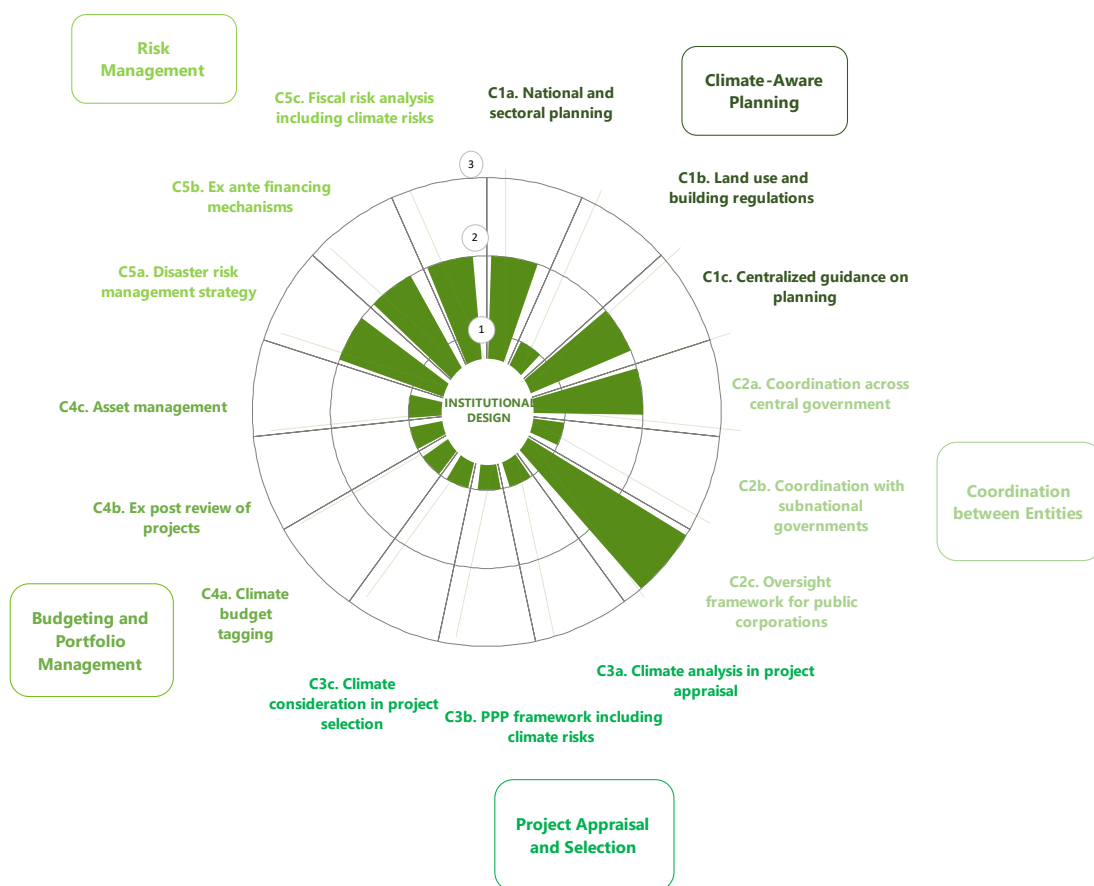


Table 1. Sierra Leone – Summary of Climate Public Investment Management - Institutional Design

Institution		Institutional Strength	Reform priority
C1	Climate-aware planning	PARTLY MET. There is some alignment between plans and commitments and limited centralized guidance, but building codes and urban planning requirements do not consider the effects of climate change.	Medium
C2	Coordination between entities	PARTLY MET. There is weak coordination of decision-making on climate investments across the public sector, but the SOE oversight framework has been strengthened to require climate considerations.	High
C3	Project appraisal and selection	NOT MET. A framework to guide project appraisal and selection exists but this does not include climate-related analysis. The PPP framework does not incorporate climate risk identification and allocation.	High
C4	Budgeting and portfolio management	NOT MET. Climate related investments are not readily identifiable in the budget and there are no audits of climate impacts of projects. Maintenance and asset management policies do not consider climate change.	High
C5	Risk management	PARTLY MET. Some climate change vulnerability and hazard analysis is undertaken, a contingency fund exists, and the Fiscal Risk Statement addresses climate change, but only qualitatively.	Medium